

[CHAPTER 565]

AN ACT

September 26, 1942
[H. R. 7399]
[Public Law 716]

To increase the penalty for indecent exposure in the District of Columbia.

District of Colum-
bia.
27 Stat. 324.
D. C. Code § 22-
1112.

Indecent exposure.

Penalty.

Be it enacted by the Senate and House of Representatives of the United States of America in Congress assembled, That section 9 of the Act entitled "An Act for the preservation of the public peace and the protection of property within the District of Columbia", approved July 29, 1892, as amended, be, and the same is hereby, amended by amending the first sentence thereof to read as follows:

"That it shall not be lawful for any person or persons to make any obscene or indecent exposure of his or her person or their persons in any street, avenue or alley, road or highway, open space, public square, or other public place or inclosure, in the District of Columbia, or to make any such obscene or indecent exposure of person in any dwelling or other building or other place wherefrom the same may be seen in any street, avenue, alley, road or highway, open space, public square, or public or private building or inclosure, under penalty of imprisonment for not more than ninety days, or a fine of not more than \$250, for each and every such offense."

Approved, September 26, 1942.

[CHAPTER 566]

JOINT RESOLUTION

September 26, 1942
[H. J. Res. 271]
[Public Law 717]

Authorizing the President of the United States of America to proclaim October 11, 1942, General Pulaski's Memorial Day for the observance and commemoration of the death of Brigadier General Casimir Pulaski.

General Pulaski's
Memorial Day.
7 F. R. 8079.

Resolved by the Senate and House of Representatives of the United States of America in Congress assembled, That the President of the United States of America is authorized to issue a proclamation calling upon officials of the Government to display the flag of the United States on all governmental buildings on October 11, 1942, and inviting the people of the United States to observe the day in schools and churches, or other suitable places, with appropriate ceremonies in commemoration of the death of General Casimir Pulaski.

Approved, September 26, 1942.

[CHAPTER 567]

AN ACT

September 29, 1942
[S. 2698]
[Public Law 718]

To make transportation and storage facilities available for military use where military necessity exists, by authorizing the removal to other points of merchandise in customs custody.

Military use of
transportation and
storage facilities.
Removal of goods in
customs custody.

Disposition of goods.

Be it enacted by the Senate and House of Representatives of the United States of America in Congress assembled, That, upon determination by the Secretary of War or any officer or civilian official of the War Department designated by him that any specified transportation or storage facilities are needed for military purposes, the War Department is hereby authorized to transport or cause to be transported from such transportation or storage facilities at any port of entry or elsewhere to other facilities at the same port of entry or elsewhere any entered or unentered merchandise being transported in bond or otherwise in customs custody. The War Department thereafter may store or retransfer and store such merchandise, and, when military necessity permits, shall return such merchandise to the

port to which it was being transported in bond or at which it was held in customs custody immediately prior to its removal pursuant to this Act or, subject to the approval of the collector of customs concerned, to such other place as may be designated by the owner or consignee of the merchandise provided the expense of transportation to such designated place does not exceed the expense of transportation to the port to which it would otherwise be transported.

SEC. 2. The War Department shall issue to the collectors of customs concerned an appropriate receipt for each lot of merchandise removed pursuant to this Act and shall be responsible for the safekeeping and the preservation of the identification of the merchandise until it is returned to the collector of customs to whom such receipt was issued, which collector shall issue a receipt to the War Department for the merchandise delivered. The collector of customs shall be absolved from all liability with respect to the merchandise between the time it is removed pursuant to this Act by the War Department and the time that Department delivers it to him.

SEC. 3. The rights or privileges conferred by the customs laws or regulations shall be continued in full force and effect except so far as inconsistent with the provisions of this Act. The time prescribed for the performance of any act in the customs laws or regulations shall be suspended during the time the War Department is responsible for the safekeeping of the merchandise and rights or privileges dependent upon continuous customs custody shall not be defeated by the provisions of this Act.

SEC. 4. This Act shall be effective on and after the date of its enactment and until the expiration of six months after the termination of the unlimited national emergency proclaimed by the President on May 27, 1941.

Approved, September 29, 1942.

Receipts.

Exemption from liability.

Continuation of rights.

Suspension of time requirements.

Effective date; duration.

55 Stat. 1647.
50 U. S. C., Supp. I,
app., prec. § 1 note.

[CHAPTER 568]

AN ACT

To amend the Soil Conservation and Domestic Allotment Act to authorize payments in cases where farmers' crops are acquired, prior to harvest, in connection with the acquisition of their farms for use in the national war effort, and to provide for the division of such payments.

September 29, 1942
[H. R. 6921]
[Public Law 719]

Be it enacted by the Senate and House of Representatives of the United States of America in Congress assembled, That section 8 (e) of the Soil Conservation and Domestic Allotment Act, as amended, is hereby further amended by striking out the words "except that" in the first sentence and inserting in lieu thereof the following: "or, effective with respect to the 1942 and subsequent farm programs, in the event of acquisition of title to, or lease of, any farm for use in connection with the national war effort which caused the producers on such farms to lose, prior to the time of harvest, their interests in the crops planted thereon, or the proceeds thereof, payments with respect to such crops, to the extent that full compensation for the loss of payments with respect thereto in connection with such acquisition or lease was not made to such producers, shall be divided among the landlords, tenants, and sharecroppers on such farm in the proportion which it is determined that such producers would have been entitled to share in the proceeds of such crops but for such acquisition or lease: *Provided, That*".

Approved, September 29, 1942.

Soil Conservation and Domestic Allotment Act, amendment.

52 Stat. 34.
16 U. S. C. § 590h (e).
Acquisition of farms in war effort.

Payments for crops.